Vehicular Networks: A reality not too far to come

Marco Gramaglia

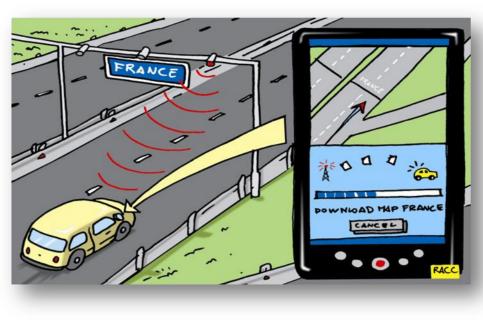


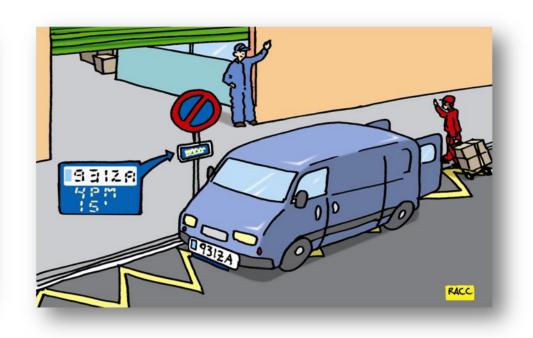
Why do we need vehicular networks?

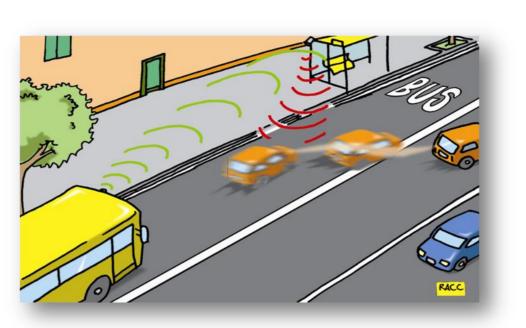
Intelligent Co-operative Systems that are based on vehicle-to-vehicle (V2V) and Vehicle to Infrastructure (V2I) communications are the next big challenge in automotive electronics and Intelligent Transport Systems

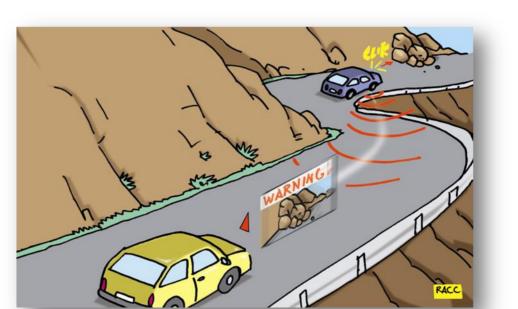
- ☐ Increased road network capacity
- ☐ Reduced congestion and pollution
- ☐ Improved traffic safety for all road users
- ☐ Improved management and control of the road network (both urban and inter-urban)
- ☐ Increased efficiency of the public transport systems
- ☐ Better and more efficient response to hazards and accidents
- ☐ Ubiquitous Internet connection

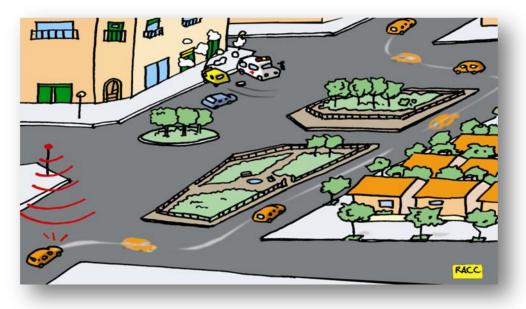


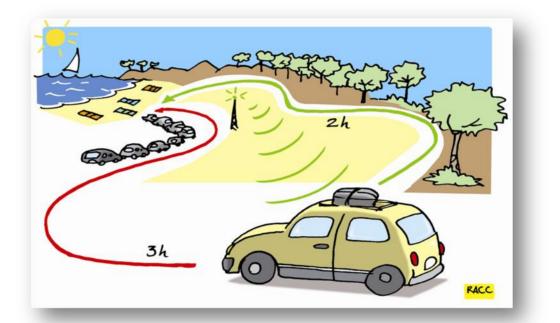


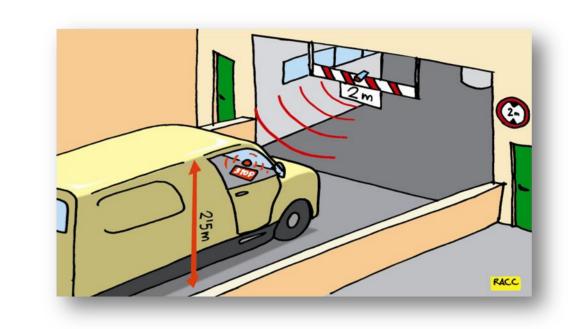












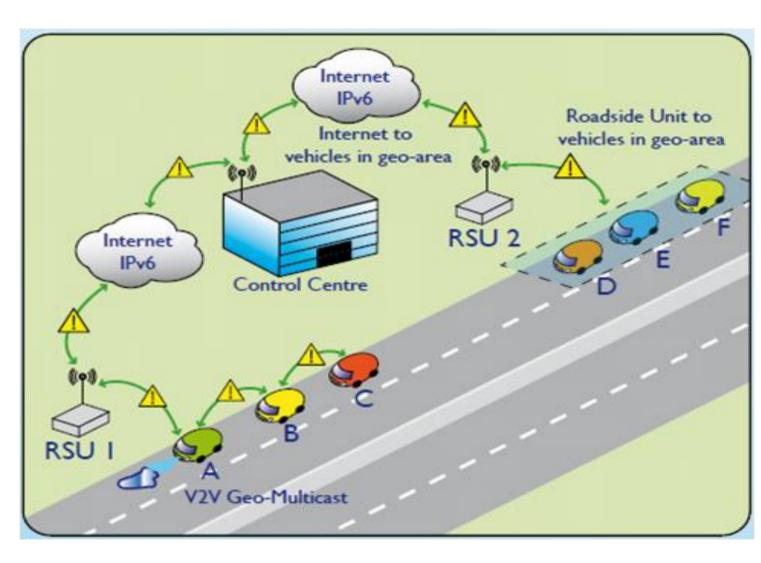
What's inside the car?

- ☐ Vehicles are equipped with the usual safety (seat belts, devices airbags, abs)
- is entity new On the deployed: board communication unit, OBU



- ☐ The OBU has access to the information coming from sensors placed inside the car (speed, brakes, position, acceleration,...)
- ☐ It also gathers information coming from other vehicles around (emergency brake, accidents, generic hazard,...) and from the infrastructure (traffic state, weather conditions,...)
- may also benefit from Internet connectivity capabilities, that could be used to enable in-vehicle devices to reach the Internet
- Need for smart mobility and handover mechanisms

The inter-vehicle connectivity



- ☐ Current wireless technology limits the transmission coverage for each vehicle
- □ Roadside gateway deployment cannot be as dense as needed to provide full direct connectivity

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- ☐ A multihop approach is needed in order to provide vehicles with connectivity to the infrastructure network (traffic information and internet connectivity purposes).
- ☐ On board devices such as GPS are used to enable geographic routing where packets are forwarded on a "per position" basis instead of a "per address" basis
- ☐ Vehicles' mobility influences the performance of the network as paths can become unavailable as a result of their movement

Who's working on it?

- ☐ Many standardization bodies are working on vehicular networks: ETSI TC Intelligent Transport Systems, ISO TC204, IEEE 1609
- ☐ Past and present European and Spanish projects are targeting this environment
- ☐ From the research point of view, there are good venues where you can publish your work (IEEE Vehicular Technology Conference, IEEE Transaction on Vehicular Technology)
- ☐ And, of course, Institute IMDEA Networks (as development member of CAR 2 CAR communication consortium) and Universidad Carlos III de Madrid are active in this field!



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